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1  #rem
2  BatteryMonitor Source Code
3
4  This source code was created by Wayne Getchell of Sagacitic Solutions, amateur
5  radio callsign VE3CZO. It is meant to be used only with BatteryMonitor
6  hardware.
7  Do not copy or publish it without permission and citation. If asked,
8  permission is
9  easily obtained for not for profit use. Send your request to Wayne at
10 getch@sagacitic.com. If you want to use any part or all of it for profit let's
11 talk.
12
13 HARDWARE
14 BatteryMonitor main board versions 0.4 and 1.0
15
16 SOFTWARE REVISION HISTORY
17 V0.0a Initial coding
18 V0.1a Added Settimer loop for more consistent time & time tick cal routine
19 V0.1c Added peak current and minimum voltage capture
20 V0.2a Added watt hours
21 V0.3a Current scalingfactor + Sf set routine
22 V0.3e Added batteries 3cell SLA 3cell LiPo clean up autorange when scaling
23 V0.3f Improves transient response via two GainRange changes per cycle &
24 Faster response C15=2.2uf from 10. C18 added to insure wake on power-up
25 Sw1 & Sw2 human i/f corrections & timing tweaks.
26 V0.3g Optimized transient response positioning 2nd AutoGainRange + bug fixes
27 V0.3h Changed current display resolution keeping x.xx A from end of range 1
28 to 9.96A. Note in range 2 readings increment in 40mA steps.
29 V1.0a Initial release menu tidyup ILpeak & Vmin speeded up only one
30 meas/cycle
31 Improved LoadPower reading accuracy at low currents
32 V1.0b Improved AutoGainRange, improve Watthour calculation & display
33 resolution
34 V1.0c Improved LoadPower calculation & display resolution. Introduce
35 RoundIt subroutine
36 V1.0d Improve Ah & Wh routine adding x.xx Ah/Wh. Increase code space by
37 eliminating some
38 subroutines that are only called once. Fixed AutoGainRange bug that
39 caused
40 wrong range on restart
41 V1.0e Modified Hibernate so user doesn't have to push a button to resume from
42 hibernation at startup, happens automatically. Removed NextGainRange
43 variable
44 Roll over Ah Wh if over 9,999 and time if over 99hrs. ILraw reassigned
45 fromW8
46 which was reused to w9 exclusive
47 V1.0f Gain400 changed to Gain160 for 10mA/bit 1to10A range. Needs R7,R8
48 value change
49 V1.0g Added WaitForSwitch timeout; improved clock minute calc accuracy &
50 tidyup
51
52 PROGRAM DOWNLOAD PROCEDURE
53 There is no reset function on the 20X2 & this unit employs a soft power
54 switch
55 To download a program to the 20X2 if the unit is off and connected to a
56 power
57 source skip steps 1 and 2
58 1) Connect BatteryMonitor to a power source
59 2) If the unit turns on then turn it off by momentarily pressing Sw2
60 3) Start the download process on the PC
61 4) When the 'Connecting to hardware...' window appears push S2, and keep it
62 held down until programming is complete
63 #endrem
64
65 Start:
66 #picaxe 20x2 'directive informs compiler to use 20X2 hardware
67 '#####EEPROM
68 SECTION#####
69 'The 20X2 internal EEPROM is used to store battery voltage vs capacity data.
70 'Up to 8 different battery data sets can be stored in the 256bytes of EEPROM.
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56 'Each entry uses 32bytes.
57 '
58 'BatteryMonitor uses a look-up table to turn Vsource into % remaining battery
capacity
59 'During initialization scratchpad memory locations are populated with the
lookup
60 'table as outlined in the LoadBatteryCap subroutine.
61 'The % capacity can then be found by coding get vbat,var1.
62 '
63 'The storage format uses a user friendly header of 15 bytes so that the
64 'battery can be easily identified by the user. All 15 bytes must be
programmed.
65 'Use ASCII char " " if there is no need to use all characters.
66 'The next bytes are used to store the battery voltage vs capacity thresholds
in
67 'three digit format where xxx = xx.xV as found through characterization.
68 'Voltage entries are from low to high and represent
0,2,5,10,20,30,50,60,70,80,90%
69 'battery capacity.
70 'If not all battery entries are used the first two bytes of the first unused
71 'entry must contain $ff,$ff to act as a marker for the menu program.
72 '20X2 memory limits the battery voltage range to 128bytes, 5.3V to 17.9V
73 '      2%  5%  10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 99%
74 'Battery0
75 EEPROM $00, ("3 Cell LeadAcid")
76 EEPROM $10, (053,054,055,056,057,058,059,060,061,062,063,064)
77 'Battery1
78 EEPROM $20, ("6 Cell LeadAcid")
79 EEPROM $30, (109,110,112,114,116,118,120,121,123,124,125,127)
80 'Battery2
81 EEPROM $40, ("10 Cell NiMH  ")
82 EEPROM $50, (105,109,113,116,120,123,124,125,126,127,128,129)
83 'Battery3
84 EEPROM $60, ("11 Cell NiMH  ")
85 EEPROM $70, (116,120,125,128,133,135,137,138,139,140,141,142)
86 'Battery4
87 EEPROM $80, ("3 Cell LiPo   ")
88 EEPROM $90, (095,104,107,110,113,114,116,117,118,120,121,122)
89 'Battery5
90 EEPROM $a0, ("4 Cell LiPo   ")
91 EEPROM $b0, (127,138,144,147,150,152,154,156,158,159,161,162)
92 'Battery6
93 EEPROM $c0, ($ff,$ff) 'marker so menu cycles back to first entry
94 EEPROM $d0, (0)
95 'Battery7
96 EEPROM $e0, (0)
97 EEPROM $f0, (0)
98 '####End EEPROM Data Load####
99
100 '##### DEFINE VARIABLES #####
101 variables:'used by BatteryMonitor
102 symbol BVD=c.4      'switched voltage divider on the Source
103 symbol Gain160=b.2  'Current to voltage amplifier 160x gain setting
104 symbol Gain40=b.3   'Current to voltega amplifier 40x gain setting
105 symbol Backlight1=c.5 'display backlight low current input=off high=on
106 symbol Backlight2=c.7 'display backlight high current input=off high=on
107 symbol wpEEPROM=b.6  'Write Protect 24AA02 lo=write enable
108 symbol shdn=c.0      'regulator shutdown low=shutdown
109 symbol Sw1=pinc.6     'menu switch 1 to 20X2 leg 4 -display line1
110 symbol Sw2=pinb.1     'menu switch 2 to 20X2 leg 10 -display line2
111
112 symbol GainRange=b0   'tracks U1 gain 0=1600, 1=400, 2=40
113 symbol var1=b1        'generic variable leased by subroutines
114 symbol var2=b2        'generic variable leased by subroutines
115 symbol var3=b3        'generic variable leased by subroutines
116 symbol unit=b4        'used to parse numbers for display units
117 symbol ten=b5         'used to parse numbers for display tens
118 symbol hundred=b6     'used to parse numbers for display hundreds
119 symbol thousand=b7    'used to parse numbers for display thousands
120 symbol tenthousand=b8 'used to parse number for display

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121     symbol Backlight=b9      'Backlight level
122     symbol Vsource=b10      'stores battery voltage
123     symbol VsourceMin=b11    'captures minimum battery voltage
124     symbol Battery=b12      'stores the battery entry number
125     symbol BattPointer=b13    'used to select battery REUSED as SetBattLO
126     symbol sbattlo=b13      'stored battery entry low value
127     symbol sbatthi=b14      'stored battery entry hi value
128     symbol InnerLoopLo=b15    'used to write battery level info to scratchpad
129     symbol InnerLoopHi=b16    'used to write battery level info to scratchpad
130     symbol HibernateState=b17 'Flag to determine if device is returning from
hibernation
131     symbol ILraw=w9          'store raw load current A-D in sys var coparitor
results
132     symbol varw10=w10        'Word generic variable leased by subroutines
133     symbol varw11=w11        'Word generic variable leased by subroutines
134     symbol varw12=w12        'Word generic variable leased by subroutines
135     symbol WaitForSwitchTimeout=b26 'Counter defines WaitForSwitch timeout
interval
136     'b27 not used reserved for offset and sign if needed
137     symbol MainMenuItem=b28 'keeps track of main menu current location
138     symbol BattCap=b29      'stores % battery capacity
139     symbol AhWh=b30         'Flag slelects either Ah or Wh for display 1=Wh
140     symbol Hours=b31        'keeps track of hours
141     symbol clock=w16         'keeps track of elapsed time in 100ms increments up to
36000
142     symbol Tick=w17          'used to define length of timing element
143     symbol nAh=w18           'accumulates battery energy use basic unit
144     symbol mAh=w19           'accumulates battery energy use
145     symbol Ah=w20            'accumulates battery energy use
146     symbol uWh=w21           'accumulates battery power basic unit
147     symbol mWh=w22           'accumulates battery power use in mWh
148     symbol Wh=w23            'accumulates battery power use in Watt hours
149     symbol Watts=w24         'stores calculated value for power being used
150     symbol Sf=w25            'Scaling factor used to correct IL reading
151     symbol IL=w26            'stores load current
152     symbol ILmax=w27         'maximum current captured during session
153
154 Initialize:
155     setfreq m4 'optimize power by choosing lowest frequency that will execute
10k samples/sec
156     'Note at 4MHz the pause statements are 2x command eg. a 5ms command is
actually 10ms long.
157     high shdn,wpEEPROM,BVD,Backlight2,Gain40 'keep unit powered &
158     'configure outputs, start with lowest GainRange Av=40 (arbitrary decision)
159     pause 100 'time for supply to settle before display initializes
160     hi2csetup i2cmaster,$7C,i2cfast_8,i2cbyte 'configure I2C display
161     hi2cout ($00,$39,$14,$70,$5e,$6b,$0c,$06,$01) 'initialize display
162     gosub SplashScreen
163     'write up and down arrow special chars to the display CGRAM
164     hi2cout ($00,$38,$40) 'set instruction table to low to write characters
165     hi2cout
($40,$04,$0e,$15,$04,$04,$04,$04,$00,$04,$04,$04,$04,$15,$0e,$04,$00) 'write
chars
166     hi2cout ($00,$39) 'set instruction table back to hi
167     adcsetup=%01000000011000000 'removes digital input from ADC converters used
168     pokesfr $22,4 'for C.0 fw - issue after adcsetup to fix V+ reference bug
169     '##### Load Configuraiton Data from External EEPROM #####
170     '
clock      nAh      mAh      Ah      uWh
mWh      Wh
171     hi2cin
[$a0],$00,(HibernateState,Hours,b32,b33,b36,b37,b38,b39,b40,b41,b42,b43,b44,b45,
b46,b47)
172     '
ILmax      Tick      Sf
173     hi2cin [$a0],$10,(AhWh,VsourceMin,b54,b55,b34,b35,b50,b51,Battery,Backlight)
174     gosub SetBacklightLevel
175     if Tick<54300 or Tick>65534 then 'outside +/-10% of nominal so use a default
value.
176         Tick=60400
177     endif
178     if Sf<900 or Sf>1100 then 'if stored scaling factor is >10% error then use

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default
179     Sf=1000
180 endif
181 gosub LoadBatteryCap
182 pause 1000 'leave some time to read the splash screen
183 if HibernateState=0 then
184     gosub StartNewReadings 'clear Ah Wh Time data
185 else 'hibernationState=1 so device is resuming from Hibernation
186     hi2cout[$7c],($80,$80,$40," Resuming from ")
187     hi2cout($80,$c0,$40," Hibernation ")
188     pause 2000
189 endif
190 GainRange=2 'as defined by Gain160 Gain40 settings
191 gosub gainAutoRange'prevents incorrect peak capture on initial cycle
192 pause 80'wait a time close to half a measuring cycle before proceeding
193 gosub gainAutorange'second autorange first reading if 2 range changes
    needed.
194 pause 80'wait a time close to half a measuring cycle before proceeding
195
196 '#####  INITIALIZATION COMPLETE....START MEASURING
#####
197
198 Measure: 'main measuring routine
199 hi2cout [$7C],($80,$01)'clear the display
200 ContinueMeasuring:
201 Timer=$ffff 'preloads timer to overflow in 1 settimer period
202 settimer Tick 'starts timer with period=Tick total loop time target=360ms
203 SetIntFlags %100000000, %10000000 'arm settimer interrupts
204 do while Sw1=0 and Sw2=0 'main measuring loop
205     gosub SourceVoltage
206     gosub LoadCurrent
207     gosub GainAutoRange 'Isense range placed here for max settling time
208     if Vsource<VsourceMin then'records min voltage if gain range hasn't just
changed
209         VsourceMin=Vsource
210     endif
211     if ILmax<IL then 'save maximum peak current if gain range hasn't changed
212         ILmax=IL
213     endif
214     gosub LoadPower
215     gosub AmpWattHours
216     gosub ElapsedTime
217     gosub BattCapLeft
218     inc clock
219     gosub GainAutoRange'autorange again in case 2 range changes needed this
cycle
220     'high Backlight1,Backlight2 'used only for development. Provides a loop
timing test
221     'if loop time is sufficient backlight will blink regularly each cycle
222     pause 1000'pause longer than the Settimer period interrupt will occur
here
223     loop
224     settimer OFF'get rid of potential interrupts
225     setintflags OFF 'disarm interrupts
226     if Sw1=1 then 'check switches Sw1<2sec=Utilites >2sec Hibernate
Sw2>2sec=PwrOff
227         for var1=0 to 9
228             pause 70
229             if Sw1=0 then goto Utilities
230         next var1
231         goto GoHibernate
232     else 'Sw2 must be 1
233         for var1=0 to 9
234             pause 70
235             if Sw2=0 then goto ContinueMeasuring
236         next var1
237         if HibernateState=1 then
238             goto GoHibernate
239         else
240             goto PwrOff

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241         endif
242     endif
243 end
244
245 GainAutoRange: 'finds best range for load current measurements
246     'current measurements are divided into 3 ranges
247     'range 0 Gain40=0 Gain160=0 Av=1600 1mA/bit range limit 0-999 0-999mA
248     'range 1 Gain40=0 Gain160=1 Av=160 10mA/bit range 100-999 1.00-9.99A
249     'range 2 Gain40=1 Gain160=0 Av=40 40mA/bit range 250-1023 10.0A-40.9A
250     'may have to use this loop twice to find the right gain
251     readadc10 6,ILraw
252     if GainRange=0 and ILraw>999 then'reduce gain as current>1A
253         high Gain160 'change gain to 400
254         low Gain40
255         GainRange=1
256     elseif GainRange=1 and ILraw>999 then'reduce gain as current >10A
257         low Gain160 'change gain to Av=40
258         high Gain40
259         GainRange=2
260     elseif GainRange=2 and ILraw<250 then'increase gain as current <10A
261         high Gain160 'change gain to Av=160
262         low Gain40
263         GainRange=1
264     elseif GainRange=1 and ILraw<100 then'increase gain as current <1A
265         low Gain160 'change gain to Av=1600
266         low Gain40
267         GainRange=0
268     endif
269 return
270
271 SourceVoltage: 'measures & displays Vsource as xx.xV
272     'Leases
273     'var1 stores dig1 of initial multiply for rounding
274     'varw10 'stores voltage for ADC and presentation
275     readadc10 7,varw10
276     varw10=varw10*24 'with a 6:1 voltage divider and 4.096Vref each A/D bit is
277     'now round up
278     var1=varw10 dig 1 'store voltage reading second least significant bit in
279     var1
280     Vsource=varw10/100 'Vsource is now in form xxx
281     if var1>4 then
282         Vsource=Vsource+1 'round up Vsource if Var1=>5
283     endif
284     varw10=Vsource
285     gosub Decimal'returns data for display
286     poke 60,hundred,ten,unit 'put battery voltage in displayable format is SFR
287     locations
288     return
289
290 LoadCurrent: 'Load current autoranged and displayed as xxxmA, x.xxmA or xx.xmA
291     'Leases
292     'Var1 used in calculations to flag rounding
293     'Var2 flags Sf>=1
294     'Varw11 stores intermediate scaling calculation number
295     'Vwrw12 stores intermediate scaling calculation number
296     readadc10 6,ILraw 'take a new reading
297     'now scale the reading
298     if Sf>=1000 then'scale factor is greater than 1
299         var2=1
300         varw12=Sf-1000'varw12 now holds modified Sf
301     else
302         var2=0
303         varw12=Sf
304     endif
305     varw11= varw12 dig 0 * ILraw/20
306     varw11= varw12 dig 1 * ILraw/2 + varw11
307     varw11= varw12 dig 2 * ILraw * 5 + varw11
308     var1=varw11 dig 1
309     varw12=varw11//50

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308     varw11=varw11/50
309     if varw12>=25 then 'round the result to three digits
310         inc varw11
311     endif
312     if var2=1 then 'scale factor is greater than 1
313         IILraw=IILraw+varw11
314     else
315         IILraw=varw11
316     endif
317 'end scaling factor calculation
318 'now calculate IL from scaled IILraw. Don't round here as watts calculations
319 'need unrounded numbers for best accuracy.
320     if GainRange=0 then
321         IL=IILraw
322     elseif GainRange=1 then
323         IL=IILraw*10
324     elseif GainRange=2 then
325         IL=IILraw*40
326     endif
327     varw10=IL
328     gosub RoundIt
329     gosub Decimal 'now prepare to display the results
330     if IL<1000 and GainRange=0 then
331         poke 71,hundred,ten,unit,"m"
332     elseif IL<10000 and GainRange<2 then
333         poke 71,thousand,".",hundred,ten
334     else
335         poke 71,tenthousand,thousand,".",hundred
336     endif
337     return
338
339 LoadPower: 'calculates and displays load power in x.xx W,xx.xW, or xxxxW
340 'Leases
341 'varw10 -takes reading to display for parsing & ASCII conversion
342 'varw12 -stores IL/10 to prevent mult. overflow
343 'var1 - used for rounding
344 'rem Vsource max=246 IILmax=40920+10%=45012
345 if IL<267 then 'max=6.051W
346     varw10=IL*Vsource
347     gosub RoundIt
348     gosub Decimal
349     poke 63,tenthousand,".",thousand,hundred 'display x.xxW
350 elseif IL >=267 and IL<1331 then 'max=32.7W
351     varw10=IL/5*Vsource/2
352     gosub RoundIt
353     gosub Decimal
354     if Varw10<10000 then
355         poke 63,thousand,".",hundred,ten'display x.xxW to 9.99W
356     else
357         poke 63,tenthousand,thousand,".",hundred'display xx.xW to 32.7W
358     endif
359 elseif IL>=1331 and IL<=26600 then 'max=130W to 5321 and 654W
360     if IL<5321 then
361         varw10=IL/20*Vsource/5
362     else
363         varw10=IL/100*Vsource
364     endif
365     gosub RoundIt
366     gosub Decimal
367     if Varw10<10000 then
368         poke 63,thousand,hundred,".",ten
369     else
370         poke 63," ",tenthousand,thousand,hundred
371     endif
372 else if IL>26600 then'max=999W
373     varw10=IL/200*Vsource/5
374     gosub RoundIt
375     gosub Decimal
376     if Varw10<10000 then
377         poke 63," ",thousand,hundred,ten

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378         else
379         poke 63,tenthousand,thousand,hundred,ten
380     endif
381 endif
382 return
383
384 ElapsedTime: 'calculates and displays elapsed time in HH:mm format
385 'clock is stored in tick increments up to 10000 then Hours is incremented.
386 'Leases
387 'varw10 - clock minutes and total time calculations
388     if clock>10000 then
389         inc hours
390         if hours >99 then 'reset hours to zero if >99
391             hours=0
392         endif
393         clock=clock-10000
394     endif
395     varw10=clock*6/1000 'find minutes
396     varw10=hours*100+varw10 'add hours to the number displayed
397     gosub Decimal
398     if varw10<1000 then
399         thousand=" " 'blank out tens of hours rather than cram display
400     endif
401     poke 67,thousand,hundred,ten,unit
402 return
403
404 BattCapLeft: 'shows approximate remaining battery capacity as xx%
405     if Vsource>179 then 'limit Vsource to stored number limits
406         Vsource=179
407     elseif Vsource<52 then
408         Vsource=52
409     endif
410     get Vsource,Varw10
411     gosub Decimal
412     poke 80,ten,unit
413 return
414
415 #rem
416 'Use this code to display Amplifier range in place of battery capacity
417 'but don't forget to remark out BattCapLeft subroutine.
418 BattCapLeft:
419     varw10=GainRange
420     gosub Decimal
421     poke 80,"0",unit
422     return
423 #endrem
424
425 AmpWattHours: 'calculates and displays battery use in Amp hours or Watt hours.
426 'displayed as xxxm, x.xx, xx.x, or xxx Ah or Wh
427 'Calculations are based on collecting 10k samples per hour (360ms per
428 sample or
429 'about 2.8 samples per second)
430 '##### BEGIN AMP HOUR CALCULATION
431 #####
432 'rem IL then ranges between 0 and 40,960. Could be as high as 45012 if
433 Ilraw correction -10%
434 'Each measuring cycle accumulates amp hours as IL value + nAh *10^-7Ah
435 'Reading interval is 10^-4 (10k samples per hour).
436 'Unit reading is lowest current
437 reading*ReadingInterval=10^-3A*10^-4hr=10^-7Ah
438 'Smallest reading is 1mA in 1/10000hr = 10^-7Ah so every 10,000=1mAh.
439 'and 1000mAh=1Ah
440 nAh=IL+nAh 'accumulate battery use
441 if nAh>=10000 then 'if over 1mAh
442     var1=nAh dig 4 'large IL can accumulate more than 10k every measuring
443     cycle so find out.
444     varw11=var1*10000
445     mAh=mAh+var1
446     nAh=nAh-varw11 'adjust nAh accumulator to account for mAh

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443     endif
444     if mAh >= 1000 then 'accumulate Amp hours and adjust the mAh register
445         Ah=Ah+1
446         If Ah>9999 then 'roll over Ah if value gets to 10k.
447             Ah=0
448         endif
449         mAh=mAh-1000
450     endif
451     '##### BEGIN WATT HOUR CALCULATION
#####
452     'IL is saved in mA and can range from 0 to 40,920 +10% = 45,012
453     'Vsource ranges from 52 (5.2V) to 246 (24.6V)
454     'Reading interval is 10^-4 (10k samples per hour).
455     'Unit incrment is IL*Vsource*ReadingInterval=10^-3A*10^-1V*10^-4hr=10^-8 Wh
456     'Smallest reading is 1mA*0.1V in 1/10000hr = 10^-8Ah so every 100,000=1mWh..
457     'Multiplying Vsource with IL to get 10^-4Wh (base unit
0.1V*10^-3A*10^-4h=10^-8Wh)
458     'can easily overflow the processor's 65535 limit. So this calculation is
broken into four
459     'ranges to prevent overflow while minimizing rounding errors. .
460     'Both base watt hour accumulation unit named uWh and the current IL are
divided
461     'by a factor in each range that optimizes the resolution while preventing
the product
462     'from overflowing.
463     'rem max Vsource is 246
464     'rem symbol uWh is actually 10^-8 mWh NOT 10^-6 and the symbol mWh is
10^-4 Wh NOT 10^-3 Wh
465     if IL<226 then 'first range for small values of IL. In this range IL is
not divided.
466         uWh=IL*Vsource+uWh'uWh max =IL*Vsource+10000=225*246+10000=65360
467         var1=uWh dig 4 'large Vsource & IL within range can accumulate more than
10k uWh every cycle.
468         varw11=var1*10000
469         mWh=mWh+var1
470         uWh=uWh-varw11
471         elseif IL>=226 and IL<=1290 then 'second range Wh and IL are divided by 5
472         uWh=uWh/5 'change uWh to a value suitable for this range (overflow
vs accuracy)
473         uWh=IL/5*Vsource+uWh
474         mWh=uWh/2000+mWh 'as IL uWh were divided by 5 only need to * by 2000
to =10k
475         uWh=uWh//2000*5'before leaving determine remainder uWh and
re-normalize
476         elseif IL>=1292 and IL<=5286 then 'third range Wh and IL are divided by
20
477         uWh=uWh/20 'change uWh to a value suitable for this range (overflow
vs accuracy)
478         uWh=IL/20*Vsource+uWh '/20 uWh max
=IL/20*Vsource+uWh=4396/20*246+10000/20=65444
479         mWh=uWh/500+mWh 'calculate mWh
480         uWh=uWh//500*20 'calculate residual
481         elseif IL>=5287 and IL<=26599 then 'fourth range Wh & IL are divided by
100
482         uWh=uWh/100
483         uWh=IL/100*Vsource+uWh '/100 uWh max=IL/100*Vsource+uWh=65290
484         mWh=uWh/100+mWh
485         uWh=uWh//100*100
486         elseif IL>26599 then 'fifth range for very large currents.
487         uWh=uWh/200
488         uWh=IL/200*Vsource+uWh '/200 uWh max
=IL/200*Vsource+uWh=45012/200*246*9999/200+1=55175
489         mWh=uWh/50+mWh
490         uWh=uWh//50*200 'residual
491     endif
492     if mWh>=10000 then 'if 1000 real mWh (10k in this calculation) accumulated
increment Wh & decrement mWh
493         Wh=Wh+1
494         if Wh>9999 then 'roll over Wh if value gets to 10k
495             Wh=0

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496         endif
497         mWh=mWh-10000
498     endif
499     'Now display either Ah or Wh
500     if AhWh=0 then 'display Ah
501         if Ah=0 then 'under 1Ah so display in mAh
502             varw10=mAh
503             gosub Decimal
504             poke 75,hundred,ten,unit,"m","A"
505         else if Ah<100 then
506             var1=mAh dig 2*10 'parse hundreds of an Ah (don't bother to
round up)
507             var2=mAh dig 1
508             varw10=Ah*100+var1+var2 'creates Ah up to 3 digits for display
parsing
509             gosub Decimal
510             if varw10<1000 then 'Ah is less than 10
511                 poke 75,hundred,".",ten,unit,"A"
512             else
513                 poke 75,thousand,hundred,".",ten,"A"
514             endif
515         else
516             varw10=Ah
517             gosub Decimal
518             if varw10<1000 then
519                 poke 75," ",hundred,ten,unit,"A"'supress leading zero
520             else
521                 poke 75,thousand,hundred,ten,unit,"A"'max display is
6553Ah
522             endif
523         endif
524     endif
525     if AhWh=1 then'display Wh
526         'Now display mWh or Wh
527         'For display remember Wh to three or four digits if >1k
528         if Wh=0 then
529             varw10=mWh
530             gosub Decimal
531             poke 75,thousand,hundred,ten,"m","W"
532         elseif Wh<100 then 'count is over 1Wh but less than 100
533             var1=mWh dig 3*10'parse for tenths of a Watt hour
534             var2=mWh dig 2'parse for 100'th of a Watt hour
535             varw10=Wh*100+var1+var2'creates Wh with .1Wh resolution for
display
536             gosub Decimal
537             if varw10<1000 then
538                 poke 75,hundred,".",ten,unit,"W"
539             else
540                 poke 75,thousand,hundred,".",ten,"W"
541             endif
542         else 'Wh>100
543             varw10=Wh
544             gosub Decimal
545             if varw10<1000 then 'Wh is less than 1000 so blank leading 0
546                 poke 75," ",hundred,ten,unit,"W"
547             else 'Wh is over 1000 so display leading digit.
548                 poke 75,thousand,hundred,ten,unit,"W"
549             endif
550         endif
551     endif
552     return
553
554     LoadBatteryCap:'loads a lookup table of battery capacity into scratchpad memory
555     'Vsource reading (3 digits) is used as the address, battery capacity in %
is the data
556     'So to get battery capacity code - get vbat,var1 where var1 now holds batt
cap.
557     'capacity is displayed as a two digit number = xx%.
558     'Uses all 128 bytes of scratchpad memory.
559

```

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```
560 'First all readings for the selected battery are assembled in FSR locations
65-76
561 'add 053 as the first entry and 179 as the last to the FSR list. This
represents
562 '5.3V minimum and 17.9V maximum, the range limited by 128 bytes of
available memory
563 BattPointer=2*Battery*$10+$10'set pointer to start of battery entry numeric
data
564 for var1=65 to 76
565     read BattPointer,var2
566     poke var1,var2
567     inc BattPointer 'get next entry
568 next
569 poke 64,53 'store minimum battery voltage reading
570 poke 77,179 'store max battery voltage reading
571 'now associate the battery readings to a lookup table that will return
battery capacity
572 'To do this populate the scratchpad so that when an address is used that
equals
573 'Vsource the entry returns the battery capacity as defined by the key
percentage
574 'markers in the list stored in the FSR.
575 'with entries such that using any voltage between min and max as a 'get'
address
576 'will return the percentage as prescribed by the battery entry data
577 'because the 20X2 only has 128byte scratchpad entries from 128 to 179
578 'will appear in scratchpad 0 to 51 52=0
579 'But addressing >128 loop the counter & return the correct battery
capacity.
580 InnerLoopLo=64
581 InnerLoopHi=65
582 for var1=0 to 12
583     lookup var1,(0,2,5,10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,99),BattCap'now contains
%cap
584     peek InnerLoopLo,sbattlo
585     peek InnerLoopHi,sbatthi
586     for var3=sbattlo to sbatthi
587         put var3,BattCap
588     next
589     inc InnerLoopLo
590     inc InnerLoopHi
591 next
592 return
593
594 '##### UTILITIES SECTION #####
595 Utilities:
596 'displays main title on the display line 1 and menu items on line 2
597 'pressing S1 increments menu choice, S2 selects
598 'While in utilities menus time stands still, Ah & Wh don't accumulate.
599 'Leases
600 'None
601 MainMenuItem=0 'keeps track of menu items; init to 0
602 MainMenuInnerMenuLoop:
603 if MainMenuItem>7 then
604     MainMenuItem=0
605 endif
606 gosub ClearDisplay
607 hi2cout [$7c],($80,$80,$40,$01,"Scroll BM Utils")'write MainMenu header
608 hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f)'set display for start for most menu items to save
code
609 on MainMenuItem gosub
MenuMinAndPeak,MenuClearReadings,MenuChooseAhWh,MenuSetBacklight,MenuSelectBatte
ry,MenuGoHibernate,MenuPwrOff,MenuCalibrate
610 pause 400 'wait a bit so display can be viewed
611 gosub WaitForSwitch
612 if Sw1=1 then
613     pause 100 'bit of time to scroll menu if button held down
614     inc MainMenuItem
615 elseif Sw2=1 then
616     pause 400 'get finger off button
```

```

617         gosub ClearDisplay
618         on MainMenuItem gosub
MinAndPeak,ClearReadings,ChooseAhWh,SetBacklight,SelectBattery,GoHibernate,PwrOf
f,Calibrate
619         pause 400 'get finger off button
620         goto EndMainMenuLoop 'returned from subroutine so go back to measuring
621     else
622         goto EndMainMenuLoop 'Neither switch was pushed and WaitForSwitch
timed out so resume measuring
623     endif
624     goto MainMenuInnerMenuLoop
625 EndMainMenuLoop:
626     goto Measure
627
MenuMinAndPeak: 'Restarts display
629     hi2cout ($40,"Show Vmin & ILp")
630     return
MenuClearReadings: 'Restarts display
632     hi2cout ($40,"Clear Readings")
633     return
MenuChooseAhWh: 'Selects either Amp hours or Watt hours for display
635     hi2cout ($40,"Choose Ah or Wh")
636     return
MenuSetBacklight: 'sets backlight level
638     hi2cout ($40,"Set Backlight")
639     return
MenuSelectBattery: 'Battery Type selection submenu
641     hi2cout ($40,"Select Battery")
642     return
MenuGoHibernate: 'Hibernation subroutine
644     hi2cout ($40,"Hibernate")
645     return
MenuPwrOff:
647     hi2cout ($40,"Power Off")
648     return
MenuCalibrate: 'Calibration submenu
650     hi2cout ($40,"Calibrate")
651     return
652
MinAndPeak: 'Displays minimum voltage and peak current
654     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$7f,"Y Clr Vmin & IpK?")
655     varw10=VsourceMin
656     gosub Decimal 'returns data for display
657     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f,"N ",hundred,ten,".",unit,"Vm")
658     varw10=ILmax
659     gosub Decimal
660     if ILmax>10000 then
661         hi2cout ($80,$ca,$40,tenthousand,thousand,".",hundred,"Ap")
662     elseif ILmax<1000 then
663         hi2cout ($80,$ca,$40,hundred,ten,unit,"mAp")
664     else
665         hi2cout ($80,$ca,$40,thousand,".",hundred,ten,"Ap")
666     endif
667     gosub WaitForSwitch
668     if Sw1=1 then 'reset peak values
669         VsourceMin=255
670         ILmax=0
671     endif
672     return
673
ClearReadings: 'clears all stored readings resetting to zero & resets
hibernation state
675     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$7f,"Y Clear")
676     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f,"N Readings?")
677     pause 400 'finger off button
678     gosub WaitForSwitch
679     if Sw1=1 then 'begin the process of clearing all readings
680         pause 400 'finger off button
681         if HibernateState=1 then 'only write the EEPROM if necessary
682             HibernateState=0

```

```

683         low wpEEPROM 'enable EEPROM write
684         hi2cout [$a0], $00, (HibernateState) 'and save int in EEPROM
685         pause 10 'EEPROM write cycle time
686         high wpEEPROM
687     endif
688     gosub StartNewReadings
689     elseif Sw2=1 then
690         pause 400 'finger off button
691     endif
692     return
693
694 ChooseAhWh: 'Menu item selects display format Amp hours or Watt hours
695     hi2cout ($80, $80, $40, $7f, "Ah Sel Display")
696     hi2cout ($80, $c0, $40, $7f, "Wh Format")
697     gosub WaitForSwitch
698     if Sw1=1 then
699         AhWh=0
700     elseif Sw2=1 then
701         AhWh=1
702     endif
703     low wpEEPROM 'enable EEPROM write
704     hi2cout [$a0], $10, (AhWh) 'and save in EEPROM
705     pause 200 'EEPROM write cycle time & finger off button
706     high wpEEPROM
707     return
708
709 SetBacklight: 'sets backlight to one of four levels: off, low, med, hi and saves
710 setting
711     hi2cout ($80, $80, $40, $01, " Next BL Level") 'set up display heading for this
712     section
713     hi2cout ($80, $c0, $40, $7f, " Backlight")
714
715     if Backlight=0 then
716         hi2cout ($80, $cc, $40, "Off")
717     else if Backlight=1 then
718         hi2cout ($80, $cc, $40, "Low")
719     else if Backlight=2 then
720         hi2cout ($80, $cc, $40, "Med")
721     else 'Backlight must be 3
722         hi2cout ($80, $cc, $40, "Hi ")
723     endif
724     gosub SetBacklightLevel
725     gosub WaitForSwitch
726     if Sw1=1 then
727         pause 400 'finger off switch
728         inc Backlight
729         if Backlight>3 then
730             Backlight=0
731         endif
732         goto SetBacklight
733     elseif Sw2=1 then
734         pause 400 'finger off switch
735         low wpEEPROM 'save backlight setting in EEPROM
736         hi2cout [$a0], $19, (Backlight)
737         pause 10 'wait for write to complete
738         high wpEEPROM
739     else 'WaitForSwitch timed out so reset the backlight level & continue
740 measuring
741     hi2cin [$a0], $19, (Backlight)
742     gosub SetBacklightLevel
743     endif
744     return
745
746 SetBacklightLevel:
747     if Backlight=0 then 'backlight is off
748         low Backlight1, Backlight2
749     elseif Backlight=1 then 'backlight is on low
750         input Backlight2
751         high Backlight1
752     elseif Backlight=2 then 'backlight is on medium

```

```

750         input Backlight1
751         high Backlight2
752         elseif Backlight=3 then 'backlight is on high
753         high Backlight1,backlight2
754     endif
755 return
756
757 SelectBattery: 'start with battery being used then cycle through battery
choices
758     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$01," Next Battery")
759     BattPointer=2*Battery*$10'set pointer to start of battery entry numeric data
760     for var1=$c1 to $cf
761         read BattPointer,var2
762         hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f)
763         hi2cout ($80,var1,$40,var2)
764         inc BattPointer 'get next entry
765     next
766     gosub WaitForSwitch
767     if Sw1=1 then
768         pause 400 'get finger off button
769         inc Battery
770         if Battery=8 then'only 8 batteries in the list
771             Battery=0
772         endif
773         BattPointer=2*Battery*$10
774         read BattPointer,Var2
775         inc BattPointer
776         read BattPointer,Var3
777         if Var2=$ff and Var3=$ff then'beginning of any empty entries uses
$ff,$ff as tag
778             Battery=0
779         endif
780         goto SelectBattery
781     elseif Sw2=1 then
782         pause 400 'get finger off button
783         low wpEEPROM 'write enable EEPROM
784         hi2cout[$a0],$18,(Battery)
785         pause 10 'time for write
786         high wpEEPROM'write protect EEPROM
787         gosub LoadBatteryCap
788     else 'WaitForSwitch timed out so get original battery info from EEPROM
789         hi2cin[$a0],$18,(Battery) 'get the stored battery info
790     endif
791 return
792
793 GoHibernate:'FlagHibernation save current data in EEPROM and go to sleep
794     HibernateState=1
795     low wpEEPROM'enable EEPROM write
796     'External EEPROM write requirements - 8byte max writes must start on a
797     'writepage boundary, $00,$08,$10,$18 etc.
798     '
799     hi2cout [$a0],$00,(HibernateState,Hours,b32,b33,b36,b37,b38,b39)
800     pause 10 'write time
801     '
802     hi2cout $08,(b40,b41,b42,b43,b44,b45,b46,b47)
803     pause 10 'write time
804     '
805     hi2cout $11,(VsourceMin,b54,b55)
806     pause 10 'write time
807     high wpEEPROM'disable EEPROM write
808     'now proceed to PwrOff NB PwrOff must start after GoHibernate
809
810 PwrOff:
811     gosub ClearDisplay
812     if HibernateState=1 then
813         hi2cout($80,$82,$40,"Hibernating")
814     else
815         hi2cout($80,$86,$40,"Bye")
816     endif
817     hi2cout[$7c],($80,$c6,$40,"Bye")

```

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```
818     pause 1000 'wait a bit for the button to be released or unit will repower
819     low shdn
820     pause 2000 'pause 4 seconds to make sure user finger is off the pushbutton
821     high shdn 'just in case it didn't shut down mustn't stay low or Sw1
inoperative
822 goto Initialize
823
824 Calibrate: 'store value for ScaleFactor; calculate and store Tick
825 #rem
826 Scale Factor
827 The scale factor corrects current measurements accounting for errors in Vref
voltage,
828 shunt resistor value, and current to voltage converter gain based on the gain
of
829 GainRange0. Note that this routine does not calculate the scaling factor, it
only
830 enables the user to enter and save a calculated scale factor.
831 To accurately calculate the scale factor follow these steps:
832 Apply a load current to the battery monitor that is close to the upper end of
833 GainRange0. The current should be in the range of 930 to 990mA with an known
834 naccuracy of +/- .25%. A variable power supply around 12 to 15 volts and a
stable
835 power resistive load of about 15 ohms works well to produce the desired
current.
836 Insure BatteryMonitor remains in GainRange0. If it autoranges to a higher
range,
837 reduce the current to the upper range of GainRange 0.
838 The load current can be measured using a current meter or a precision shunt
resistor
839 in series with BatteryMonitor and the resistive load. If a resistive shunt is
used
840 use one in the range of 1.0 or 0.1 Ohms with a tolerance of no greater than
841 0.25%. The voltage can then be measured across the shunt resistor with an
accurate
842 voltmeter and the load current calculated.
843 Note the current reading on the display. Calculate the scale factor by
dividing
844 the measured load current by the reading on the display.
845 Enter this number in the Sf routine, The Sf routine will initially display the
846 present value for the scale factor. The reading takes the form xxxx where the
most
847 significant digit is either zero or one. For example 1.056 enters as 1056,
0.983
848 as 0983. To enter a new value push Sw1 next to the up arrow to increase the
displayed
849 reading or Sw2 next to the down arrow to decrease the reading.
850 The unit accepts any value within a 10% limit.(0900 to 1100).
851 Because of code space limitations you can enter and store a number outside
852 the limit range but on restart the unit will default to a Sf=1.000
853
854 Tick
855 In order to accumulate Ah & Wh accurately the unit must collect 10,000 samples
856 per hour 3600/10000=0.360 seconds per cycle. Cycle time is controlled
857 by a Timer/Settimer interrupt loop. All BatteryMonitor measurements
858 and calculations are placed within this timed loop. Two activities, servicing
the
859 loop interrupt and writing the display are outside the timing loop.
860 But these activities use a fixed time per cycle as the code is straight line,
861 no subroutines or branching. At a 4MHz clock these activities use about 8% of
862 the total period so the interrupt driven timer that controls the loop time is
adjusted,
863 reduced by 8%, to account for the external tasks.
864 Timer is set to ffff so it will overflow in one major tick and Setimer is
preloaded so
865 that it overflows and creates an interrupt in a fixed period.
866 The processor clock is trimmed to within 1% frequency during manufacture so is
quite
867 accurate without calibration tweaking. But the cycle can be made even more
accurate
868 by adjusting the Settimer preload value by a number of 'ticks'.to account for
```

```

any
869 frequency errors. At 4MHz each 'tick' changes the cycle time by 64us* 1+%time
    outside
870 the loop or 70us.
871 'Each hour can therefore be adjusted by +/-700mS. So the best accuracy that
    can
872 'be expected is about 2-3 seconds in three hours.
873 'Tick will run with a default value if a calibration hasn't been performed.
874 'A stop watch is required to calibrate the time.
875 'A reliable power source such as a battery is required to power BatteryMonitor
876 'A load isn't required for this procedure.
877 'Invoke the utilities menu by powering the unit and pressing S1
878 'Navigate to the 'Clear Readings' menu item and select it.
879 'Press S1 to Clear readings and at the same time start the stopwatch
880 'Come back about three hours later
881 'Watch the time display. Just as the minutes readout changes simultaneously
882 'push Sw1 and stop the stopwatch. When Sw1 is pushed the clock stops
    incrementing
883 'and the user enters the Utilities menu. In the Utilities menu navigate to
    the
884 'Calibrate menu then push Sw2 to enter the Time-Tick Cal submenu. From here
885 'Enter the time from the stopwatch, first hours, minutes, then seconds.
886 'Press Sw2 to calculate then save the new value for Tick.
887 'Also note this value for future reference.
888 'It may be necessary to perform this cal procedure a couple times until Tick
889 'no longer changes by more than a few counts.
890 #endrem
891 'Leases
892 'Var1 stores hours
893 'var2 stores seconds
894 'var3 negative flag
895 'var10 stores difference between internal and external seconds & displays no.
896 'var11 stores internal elapsed time in seconds
897 'var12 stores external seconds elapsed time in seconds
898     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$7f," Sf Set")
899     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f," Time-Tick Cal")
900     gosub WaitForSwitch
901     if Sw1=0 and Sw2=0 then 'WaitForSwitch timed out so go back to measuring
902         goto EndCal
903     elseif Sw1=1 then
904         goto ScaleFactorSet
905     endif
906 'Note The WaitForSwitchTimeout is NOT active when in either the Sf Set or
    Time-Tick Cal routines
907     var1=3 'temporary storage for hours
908     var2=0 'temporary storage for minutes
909     varw11=0 'temporary storage for seconds
910     pause 400 'get finger off button
911     GetHours:
912     varw10=var1
913     gosub Decimal
914     gosub ClearDisplay
915     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$00," Chg Hrs")
916     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f," ",unit)
917     gosub WaitForSwitch
918     if Sw1=1 then
919         pause 200 'finger off button
920         inc var1
921         if var1>8 then 'arbitrary maximum time interval -8hrs 59 min 59 sec.
922             var1=0
923         endif
924     elseif Sw2=1 then
925         pause 400 'get finger off switch
926         goto GetMinutes
927     endif
928     goto GetHours
929     GetMinutes:
930     varw10=var2
931     gosub Decimal
932     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$00," Chg Min")

```



```

933 hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f," ",ten,unit)
934 gosub WaitForSwitch
935 if Sw1=1 then
936     pause 100 'increment display time control
937     inc var2
938     if var2>59 then
939         var2=0
940     endif
941     elseif Sw2=1 then
942         pause 400 'get finger off switch
943         goto GetSeconds
944     endif
945     goto GetMinutes
946 GetSeconds:
947     varw10=varw11
948     gosub Decimal
949     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$00," Chg Sec")
950     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f," ",ten,unit)
951     gosub WaitForSwitch
952     if Sw1=1 then
953         pause 100 'increment display time control
954         inc varw11
955         if varw11>59 then
956             varw11=0
957         endif
958         elseif Sw2=1 then
959             pause 400 'get finger off switch
960             goto AskIfTimeCorrect
961         endif
962         goto GetSeconds
963     AskIfTimeCorrect:
964     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$7f,"Y Time Ok?")
965     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$7f,"N ")
966     varw10=var1 'show hours
967     gosub Decimal
968     hi2cout ($40,unit,":")
969     varw10=var2 'show minutes
970     gosub Decimal
971     hi2cout ($40,ten,unit,":")
972     varw10=varw11 'show seconds
973     gosub Decimal
974     hi2cout ($40,ten,unit)
975     gosub WaitForSwitch
976     if Sw2=1 then
977         pause 400 'get finger off switch
978         goto GetHours 'Time entry was wrong so try again
979     endif
980     varw12=var1*3600'stopwatch hours to seconds
981     varw12=var2*60+varw11+varw12'recorded stopwatch time in seconds
982     varw11=Clock*3'now calculate internal time in seconds as there are
983     varw11=Clock*6/10+varw11'10000 samples per hour sec=clock*.36 so
984     var1=varw11 dig 0 'multiply clock by 3 then add remainder 6/10 then
985     varw11=varw11/10'divide by 10 to get value *.36 then round
986     if var1>4 then
987         inc varw11'now have Clock value in seconds so have to.
988     endif
989     'calculate total time in seconds in next line
990     varw11=Hours*3600+varw11'calculates total internal clock time in seconds
991     varw10=varw12-varw11'seconds diff between Stopwatch and internal clock
992     'positive var10 indicates Stopwatch is faster than internal clock so
993     'Tick should be increased.
994     if varw10>32768 then'if number is greater than half it's likely negative
995     so...
996     varw10=varw11-varw12'simpler than two's compliment
997     var3=1'set flag indicates internal clock is faster than stopwatch
998     'so Tick delay should be shortened.
999     endif
1000     'each Tick shifts the internal clock by 0.64 seconds per hour so calculate
1001     'number of whole ticks to change by multiplying sec./hr *1.563
1002     'to do this while optimizing error correcting range and resolution
1003     'multiply seconds error *15.63 then divide by stopwatch time in seconds

```

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```
1002  '/36 to get decimal hours *10.
1003  'This will correct for clock errors in excess of 10% without overflow
1004  'Note PICAXE devices with internal clocks are trimmed to 1%.
1005  varw12=varw12/360'total no of hours *10 to optimize resolution
1006  varw11=varw10*63/100'remainder for 15 63
1007  varw10=varw10*15+varw11/varw12 'delta sec*15+remainder/timedecimalHrs*10
1008  if var3=1 then
1009      varw12=Tick-varw10
1010  else
1011      varw12=Tick+varw10
1012  endif
1013  varw10=Tick
1014  gosub Decimal
1015  hi2cout[$7c],($80,$80,$40,$7f,"Y Save New Tick?")
1016  hi2cout($80,$c0,$40,$7f,"N ",tenthousand,thousand,hundred,ten,unit)
1017  varw10=varw12
1018  gosub Decimal
1019  hi2cout($40," ",$7e," ",Tenthousand,thousand,hundred,ten,unit)
1020  pause 600 'get finger off switch
1021  gosub WaitForSwitch
1022  if Sw1=1 then
1023      Tick=varw12
1024      low wpEEPROM'enable EEPROM write
1025      hi2cout[$a0],$14,(b34,b35) 'save Tick
1026      pause 10
1027      high wpEEPROM'disable EEPROM write
1028      varw10=Tick
1029      gosub Decimal
1030      gosub ClearDisplay
1031      hi2cout[$7c],($80,$83,$40,"Tick=",tenthousand,thousand,hundred,ten,unit)
1032      pause 2000 'some time to read display
1033  endif
1034 EndCal:
1035 return
1036
1037 ScaleFactorSet:
1038     varw10=Sf
1039     gosub Decimal
1040     gosub ClearDisplay
1041     hi2cout ($80,$80,$40,$00," Chg Sf")
1042     hi2cout ($80,$c0,$40,$01," ",thousand,hundred,ten,unit)
1043     gosub WaitForSwitch
1044     pause 100 'wait a bit in case both switches are pressed
1045     if Sw1=1 and Sw2=1 then
1046         goto WriteSfEEPROM
1047     else if Sw1=1 then
1048         inc Sf
1049     else if Sw2=1 then
1050         dec Sf
1051     endif
1052     goto ScaleFactorSet
1053 WriteSfEEPROM:
1054     low wpEEPROM'enable EEPROM write
1055     hi2cout[$a0],$16,(b50,b51) 'save Sf
1056     pause 10
1057     high wpEEPROM'disable EEPROM write
1058     gosub ClearDisplay
1059     hi2cout[$7c],($80,$84,$40,"Sf=",thousand,hundred,ten,unit)
1060     pause 2000 'get finger off button
1061 EndScaleFactorSet:
1062 return
1063
1064 StartNewReadings:'zeros clock and Ah Wh data to start new readings
1065     clock=0
1066     Hours=0
1067     nAh=0
1068     mAh=0
1069     Ah=0
1070     uWh=0
1071     mWh=0
```

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```
1072     Wh=0
1073     VsourceMin=255
1074     ILmax=0
1075 return
1076
1077 RoundIt: 'used to round many calculations
1078 'This code rounds numbers for presentation to the display. It assumes that
1079 'three
1080 'digits will be displayed. If the number is less than 10000 then the units
1081 'digit
1082 'is rounded, If over 10,000 the the tens digit is rounded.
1083 'Rounding up occurs if the digit is 5 or more.
1084 'Leases
1085 'var1 - rounding flag
1086 'var10- input to the routine for rounding, output rounded result also is varw10
1087     if varw10<1000 then 'nothing to round so leave
1088         goto EndRoundIt
1089     elseif varw10<10000 then
1090         var1=varw10 dig 0 'round up units to tens for small values
1091         if var1>4 then
1092             varw10=varw10+10
1093         endif
1094     else 'variable is over 10,000
1095         var1=varw10 dig 1 'round up tens to hundreds
1096         if var1>4 then
1097             varw10=varw10+100
1098         endif
1099     endif
1100 EndRoundIt:
1101 return
1102
1103 Decimal: 'parses contents of varw10 to digits that can be used directly by the
1104 'display
1105 'Leases
1106 'varw10 used as value to parse
1107 unit=varw10 dig 0 + "0" 'format for display by taking each digit to be
1108 displayed
1109 ten=varw10 dig 1 + "0" 'and placing it in a variable for use with the
1110 hi2cout command
1111 hundred=varw10 dig 2 + "0"
1112 thousand=varw10 dig 3 + "0"
1113 tenthousand=varw10 dig 4 + "0"
1114 return
1115
1116 SplashScreen: 'Creates information displayed to the user at power up.
1117 hi2cout($40,"BatteryMon V1.0g") 'cursor is at home pos so write first line
1118 hi2cout($80,$c0,$40,"Source",$7e,$7e,$7e,$7e,$7e,$7e,"Load") 'cursor to
1119 start of 2nd line & write
1120 return
1121
1122 ClearDisplay: 'Erases all displayed data so that the screen is blank.
1123 hi2cout [$7C],($80,$01) 'clear display
1124 pause 1
1125 return
1126
1127 WaitForSwitch: 'Waits for one of two push buttons to be closed and does a cheap
1128 100ms debounce.
1129 WaitForSwitchTimeout=0 'reset WaitForSwitch timeout register
1130 do while Sw1=0 and Sw2=0 and WaitForSwitchTimeout<200
1131     pause 50 'really cheap debounce & part of WaitForSwitchTimeout
1132     inc WaitForSwitchTimeout ' Total time out =50*2*200=20sec.
1133 loop
1134 return
1135
1136 Interrupt: 'special subroutine is entered each time Tick overflows from $ffff.
1137 WriteDisplay: '2line x 16 char display updated here. MUST be done OUTSIDE the
1138 'Timer Settime loop or code is corrupted by I2C output routine!
1139 'low Backlight1,Backlight2'a test of loop timing
1140 peek 60,b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,b6,b7,b20,b21,b22,b23
1141 hi2cout($80,$80,$40,b1,b2,".",b3,"V ",b4,b5,b6,b7,"W",b20,b21,":",b22,b23)
```

O:\Wayne\AmateurRadio\PICAXE\BatteryMonitor\Programs\BatteryMon1.0g.bas

```
1135     peek 71,b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,b6,b7,b8,b20,b21,b22
1136     hi2cout($80,$c0,$40,b1,b2,b3,b4,"A ",b5,b6,b7,b8,b20,"h ",b21,b22,"%")
1137     Timer=$ffff'preload timer to flag at next tick
1138     Settimer Tick
1139     SetIntFlags %100000000,%10000000    'Set Timer 0 to interrupt
1140     return
```